

Sale.

the United States Dis-
t of Maine, will be sold
UCTION,
Bethel, on Wednesday,
at 10 o'clock in the fore-
noon, situated in Gilead,
and undivided with
of Bethel, a quanti-
Grant, one sixth part
of Ox yoke, staple and
me Notes and accounts
the Assignee is author-
the Estate of the said

BROWN, Assignee.

Notice.
by the Judge of Probate
Commissioners to re-
the creditors of the es-

deceased, give notice
fifth day of September,
creditors to bring in
we will attend to the
of Jonathan Burbank,
of December, January,
o'clock P. M. on each

DIAB BURBANK,
D HOLT.

25

Notice.
the Probate Court for
will sell at public Ven-
the ninth day of De-
the afternoon, all the

BBINS,
deceased, at the time
of the said Rob-
of the said Waterford
the premises, and the
the time and place of sale.
N. N. Administrator.

Notice.
by the Judge of Pro-
of Bethel, Commissioners
of the creditors of
OVER.

deceased, whose estate is
at six months have
to prove their
to the service assigned
over, in said Bethel,
and third Tuesday in
P. M. each day.
J. B. BROWN,
NARD GROVER.

Notice.
the Judge of Probate
Commissioners to re-
of the several creditors
of Mexico, in said
of the said estate,
and to receive and dis-
the debts and
on the fourth
Wednesday of March,
at ten o'clock in the fore-
noon, at the Inn

Notice.
been appointed by the
Judge of Probate to the
the claims of
of
OR,
deceased, in re-
of the seventh day of
creditors to bring
we shall attend that
in said Waterford,
and first Monday of
at ten o'clock in the afternoon on

Notice.
EL BROWN,
EL PLUMMER.

26

Notice.
of the fourth day
to Simon V. Gregg
County of Oxford,
road leading from
the River, commonly
the condition of said
subscriber claiming un-
a foreclosure of the
J. B. BROWN.

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Oxford Democrat.

No. 30, Vol. 3, New Series.

Paris, Maine, Tuesday, December 5, 1843.

Old Series, No. 41, Vol. 11.

OXFORD DEMOCRAT,

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY BY

George W. Skillin,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar and Fifty cents in advance;
ADVERTISEMENTS inserted on reasonable terms
the Proprietor not being accountable for any error
beyond the amount charged for the advertisement.
A reasonable deduction will be made for cash in ad-
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than three months.

COMMUNICATIONS AND LETTERS on business must
be Post-Paid to insure attention.

Book and Job Printing

Executed with neatness and despatch.

POETRY.

ODE TO WINTER.

BY REV. SAVILLION W. FULLER.

Written in school, in December, 1825.

Now come thou dreary chilling guest,
Is all thy frosty terrors direct,
Come winter, come, 'tis time
And tell us with thy hollow breath
You'll strike us with the chill of death,
In this our northern clime.

"So wrap yourselves in garments warm;
Prepare to meet my icy storm—
In all her dread attire—
Or 'tis too late when first you hear,
My roaring voice approaching near,
Close to the glowing fire.

Nor dare from home to venture far,
While I upon my icy car
Ride conquering through your land;
I'll conquer all this wide domain,
Bind earth and water with my chain,
Nor spare my potent hand."

Why wilt thou boast, vain winter! say;
The time is short which thou canst stay
In this our temperate zone;
For spring will come in hearty dress,
And from thy hand the sceptre wrest,
So then thou must be gone.

ON A WEDDING.

May this union of hands prove a union of hearts,
With the choicest of blessings that wedlock imparts,
And long may the taper of life brightly burn,
With abundance of joy and with little concern;
Should your mansion be lofty or lowly your cot,
May content, love, and virtue reign over your lot;
And calm be the sun-set that closes the life
Of the pair here united as 'HUSBAND AND WIFE.'

From Godey's Lady's Book for October.

FUN WITH THE DOCTOR.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

"Who is it?"
"Doctor Carpus, Miss."
"O fiddlerstick on Doctor Carpus! wish he
would stay at home and mind his business."
These brief sentences passed between Miss
Mary Mayflower and the servant, who made her
appearance at Mary's chamber door after admit-
ting a visitor.

"Carpus is quite a passable fellow, Jane,"
Mary's sister remarked, smiling a little sarca-
stically.

"You had better go down and entertain him
then."

"No, I thank you, Miss! I beg leave to de-
cline that honor. His attentions are special, and
my pretty sister Mary is the object of them, I
wish you joy, Mrs. Doctor Carpus."

"Now that is too bad, sis! I declare I will in-
sult him if you worry me after that style!"

"No don't do that Mary. No lady can be ex-
cused for wantonly insulting a gentleman."

"But what am I to do? He is intolerable to me,
and yet persists in coming here two or three
times a week. If he should only ask for you oc-
casionally—or, if the girls were at home—but
no—Miss Mary Mayflower! is the word, and I
must parade myself down, and endure his little
tattle for an hour. I wish I'd sent word down
that I was not at home."

"And so burdened your conscience with a lie."

"Exactly! That's the rub."

"No—no—sis, That is not the remedy."

"Say that you are engaged—if you do not wish to
see him."

"I'm not too much engaged to see company."

"So that would be as much a lie as the other."

"Say then, that you cannot be seen. Base
your action on the truth, and abide there."

"That's easy enough to advise, but not so easy
to do."

"It would be easy enough for Mary Mayflower,
if once she set her head that way. My sister is
not, I believe, in the habit of stopping at half
way measures, or to ask what may be the result
of an action, if she feels much inclination to do
it. So I must conclude, that there are some at-
tractions about Dr. Carpus after all."

"O, of course! Some wonderful strong at-
tractions!" returned Mary, half-laughing, half-
vexed, as she left the room to attend Dr. Carpus
below.

"Good evening, Dr. Carpus!"

"Good evening, Miss Mary!"

"Were said with a forced smile of pleasure on
one side, and a real smile on the other. Then
came,

"It is a delightful evening."

"Yes, beautiful!"

"The air is as soft and balmy as May."

"Yes. We have had very pleasant weather
lately."

"The finest I ever remember to have known."

A pause.

"How beautiful the evening sky is!" resumed
Carpus, eloquently. "The moon is brilliant, and
the stars shine with an unusual luster. Mars,
Jupiter and Saturn are all above the horizon.—
It is rare indeed that our firmament is so richly
studded with gems."

"Rarely indeed,"
"Speaking of Saturn, reminds me of the vol-
ume. I don't know when I have been more in-
terested in a work. His nebular hypothesis is
admirably sustained. By it, the rings of Saturn
are more satisfactorily accounted for than by any
other theory I have met. Likewise, the Zodiacal
lights, comets, systems of stars—the vast ne-
bulous masses that lie far off in the almost infinite
depths of space, and only dimly revealed by aid
of powerful telescopes; in fact the whole universe
of suns and stars."

"It must be an attractive volume."
"Exceedingly so, especially to the student of
natural science. To me it has been a feast of
reason. In the science of astronomy, there is
something that lifts a man out of himself—that
carries him up, as it were, into the seventh heav-
en of his mind. Something that reveals the di-
vinity within him."

As Dr. Carpus, whom the reader ought to
know, was a young M. D., with a diploma six
months old, handsomely framed and hung up
conspicuously in his office, said this, he could not
help rising from his chair, & taking a turn or two
across the floor, at the same time that his right
hand sought his forehead, and brushed back the
long hair to reveal its (the forehead's) ample (in
this) dimensions. As this is a very good
place to say it, it might as well come in here,
that Doctor Carpus was a young man of twenty
two who had a very good conceit of himself.—
He had graduated after a regular course of three
years' instructions, with more credit according
to his own idea than any other student at the U-
niversity. It is true, that the Professors of Chem-
istry and Anatomy, if asked their opinion of the
matter, might have given a different testimony.—
Still, Carpus was sincere. He really thought he
had graduated with distinguished honor.

The good conceit of himself which thus led
him into a false estimate of his worth in this re-
spect, accompanied him in all other matters. In
opening his office, he had no doubt but that, in
the course of a very short time, he would be
overrun with business. Six months' experience
rather made his mind waver in regard to this,
when a friend suggested that it was next to im-
possible for an untried physician to succeed.
He must have a wife to add weight to his profes-
sional importance. The hint was at once taken,
and Doctor Carpus began to look around for
some one that he would be willing to take as a
partner. In considering this matter, he laid it
down as a governing rule in the case, that Mrs.
Carpus must be rich and beautiful. Among the
large circle of his acquaintances no one struck
his fancy so completely as Miss Mary Mayflower.
Her father was reputed to have no small share of
this world's goods, and as for Mary, she was called
a beauty everywhere. Mary Mayflower be-
came therefore, the object of his particular at-
tentions, greatly to the sprightly maiden's anno-
yance.

Thus much, and we now will go on with our
story. The Doctor, after taking a few dignified
turns across the floor, resumed his seat near Mary,
and started a new theme of discourse, in which
he could show off to advantage. At last he
thought it time to retire, and let the exhibition
which he had made of himself have its true effect
upon the maiden's mind.

"Thank Heaven! he has gone at last," ex-
claimed Mary, gliding into the room where her
sister Jane sat reading. "I declare he is the
most conceited, egotistical fellow I ever had the
misfortune to meet! He is downright intolerable
to me."

"Heigh-ho! And is that the way you speak of
an absent lover?" Jane returned, laughing gaily.

"Lover! Don't talk of lover to me, or I shall
lose all patience."

"Why don't you send him off then?"

"How can I send him off? I treat him as coldly
as I can, but he don't take the hint."

"That he no doubt attributes to love's shrink-
ing embarrassment."

"Hold your tongue, will you, Jane!"

"Ha! ha! keep cool, my pretty lass!"

"How could I keep cool under such an an-
noyance. To be beset this way by a conceited
young upstart of a doctor, is too much."

"People are already beginning to set it down
as a match," chimed in the fun-loving sister.

"Indeed, Jane that is too much!" Mary now
said gravely. "Who has made any allusion to it?"

"O, as to that, hundreds for what I know."

"No, but tell me one."

"Sarah Mortimer insinuated as much the last
time I saw her."

"Sarah Mortimer did?"

"Yes certainly. And I don't see anything so
very surprising in it. The inference is natural
enough," replied Jane with provoking calmness.

"Now isn't all this too much for any one to
endure? Why I wouldn't have my name coupled
with that of Doctor Carpus, for any consideration
in the world. It's a downright insult. The fact
is, I'll offend him the next time he comes here,
and so put an end to the matter."

"No Mary, you must not do that."

"Yes, but I will, the conceited fool!"

"Mary—Mary!" Jane said in a soothing tone,
"don't get so excited about a mere trifle like this.
Wait patiently until the declaration comes, and
then refer him to Pa, who will send him off of
course with a flea in his ear."

"I'll deed then, and I won't do any such thing.
I'll insult him," returned the excited maiden.

This and much more passed between the sis-
ters before they retired to rest for the night. On
the next day, Mr. and Mrs. Mayflower left for
Boston, to be gone a couple of weeks, leaving
their two daughters to keep house in their ab-
sence. A mong the other members of the fam-
ily was a pretty little Spanish poodle, who was
by no means the least important personage of the
house. It so happened a day or two after the
departure of the old folks, that Fido was thrown
down stairs, in consequence of which one of his
fore legs was pretty badly injured. After the al-
arm that followed this serious accident had sub-
sided, and Fido, with his leg bandaged, was laid
upon the sofa, Mary, into whose mind a bright
thought suddenly intruded itself, exclaimed—
"If I don't do it my name is not Mary May-
flower."

"Do what?" Jane asked, looking up in sur-
prise.

"I mean to have some fun with the doctor."

"What doctor?"

"Doctor Carpus."

"How?"

"I am going to send for him professionally."

"Mary!"

"I am. Fido needs a physician, and I don't
know any one who would be so likely to under-
stand his case as the learned doctor Carpus."

"Why Mary Mary Mayflower! Are you crazy?"

"O no. But I'm serious. The young man
wants practice, and I feel a benevolent wish to
advance his interests."

"It would be a capital joke!" Jane said, so a-
mused at the idea, that she could not retain a
grave countenance.

"It will be a capital joke, for I'll do it this
very day."

"But will you see him?"

"Certainly I will—and look as solemn as the
grave."

It was, perhaps, an hour after, that doctor Car-
pus sat conversing with a young fellow practi-
tioner in regard to future prospects. Carpus
was very sanguine, especially in respect to the
impression he was making upon the heart of Ma-
ry Mayflower. In the midst of this conversa-
tion a messenger came in a great haste with a
note. He opened it and read—
"Please call at Mr. Mayflower's in haste."

"Has any thing serious happened? the doctor
asked in an anxious voice.

But the messenger had already disappeared.

"That looks well, don't it," Carpus remarked
to his friend with a self-satisfied air. "I shall
feather my nest there, certainly. But I must go
immediately. Nothing the matter with Mary, I
hope."

In a few minutes after doctor Carpus stepped
from his office, he stood at the door of Mr. Ma-
yflower's dwelling. The servant who admitted
him, directed him with a serious air to go up
into the front chamber. With a quick, quiet
step he ascended the stairs, tapped lightly and
passed in. The room was partially darkened;
but not so much obscured that he did not at once
perceive Mary seated near the bed upon which
lay the unfortunate poodle with a thick bandage
about one of his fore-legs.

"Has any thing serious occurred?" asked the
doctor, as he passed and looked into Mary's so-
ber, anxious face.

"Nothing very serious, I hope, doctor. But
we have been dreadfully frightened. Poor Fido
fell down a whole flight of stairs, and has hurt
himself very badly, I'm afraid. I did not know
what to do, father and mother being away, and
so I sent immediately for you."

For a few moments Doctor Carpus hardly
knew where he was, or what to say or do. It
was plain, serious as Mary seemed, that she was
quizzing him; and that she had taken a method
to annoy and mortify him, of all others the most
effective. Vain and self-important as he was, his
character had in it a spice of decision. He was
likewise proud spirited, and this determined him
not to exhibit a portion of the surprise and in-
dignation which he felt. Turning coolly to the
bed, he removed the bandage from Fido's leg,
and carefully examined it, much to the pain of
the poor dog, who uttered a constant succession
of distressing cries. He then replaced the
bandage more carefully, and ordered that said
bandage be kept constantly wet with vinegar.

A prescription was written and handed to Mary,
with directions how to administer the medicine.
Bowing then gravely and with a dignified profes-
sional air, he promised to call punctually the
next morning, and then departed.

In the morning he came about the same hour
—entered with perfect composure—bowed to
Mary, who was in the sick chamber, with a cour-
teous smile, and then turned to look after his pa-
tient, whom he pronounced better. Another
prescription was written, and again the physi-
cian departed. This was continued for a week,
sadly to the annoyance of Mary, who, however,
kept up her assumed character as perfectly as
did the doctor. By this time Fido could run al-
most as usual, and as the doctor still called in
regularly, Mary had to request him to suspend
his professional visits, as their little pet seemed
quite restored.

Doctor Carpus bowed and smiled courteously
at this, and then left the house. Of course,
Mary was never after troubled with his company.
It happened about six months afterwards, when
the whole story had gone the rounds, and Doctor
Carpus had been annoyed to his heart's content,
that a collector stepped into Mr. Mayflower's
store and presented a bill of two hundred dollars
for medical attendance in his family.

"But I don't owe doctor Carpus any thing."

"He has never practiced in my family. What
does he mean, pray, by sending me a bill?"

"I know nothing about it," the collector replied.

"He gave me the bill among others, and asked
me to present it."

"It's very strange! He never visited my family
professionally."

"What shall I say to him, Mr. Mayflower?"

"Tell him that I say I don't owe him anything,
and I am surprised at his presuming to send me
a bill."

"Very well, sir." And the collector withdrew.

An hour after he returned with a new and
more explicit bill. It called for two hundred
dollars for 'six visits and medicine to dog Fido.'
As soon as he read it, Mr. Mayflower became very
angry, and said some hard things about doctor
Carpus. When he had copied off a little, the
collector formally demanded his bill, and was, as
formally, told to go about his business and that
right speedily.

On the next morning, Mr. Mayflower was still
more confounded to find a lawyer's note on
his desk, setting forth that he, the said law-
yer, had been instructed to bring suit on a cer-
tain claim, fully expressed, in favor of Doctor
Carpus.

Here, then, the matter began to assume a rat-
her serious form. A lawyer was consulted, who
assured him that Carpus could not possibly re-
cover the amount claimed, altho' he was entitled
to regular fees for his services, which would un-
doubtedly be awarded him. But, as the prosecu-
tion of the suit would necessarily lead to an un-
pleasant exposure of his daughter, who, if he de-
fended the case, would be called into court to
give evidence, the lawyer seriously advised the
increased old gentleman to settle the claim, un-
just and exorbitant as it was, and so get clear of
the whole matter.

It took old Mr. Mayflower some days to make
up his mind to pay the bill. Finally, however,
the tears and entreaties of poor Mary prevailed,
who had a dreadful fear of being called into court
Her fun with the doctor brought the laugh upon
the wrong side.

About a week after the claim was settled, a
letter was received from Doctor Carpus, couched
in pretty plain but respectful language, setting
forth the nature and effects of the practical joke
which the young lady had played off upon him,
and alleging that as she had enjoyed a little fun
at his expense, it was no more than fair that he
should pay off the score in her own coin. In
conclusion, he referred to two one hundred dol-
lar bills he had enclosed, and stated, that as he
had no legal right to them, he could not retain
them. He had succeeded in making the party
who had provoked him to institute a mock suit,
sensible of her folly, & there he was willing to let
the matter drop; trusting, that when next she
took it into her head to have some fun with the
Doctor, she would think twice before she acted
once. And here the matter ended, leaving both
doctor Carpus and Mary Mayflower somewhat
wiser from having read quite attentively a new
leaf in the book of human life.

'Take your time, Miss Lucy.'

My young fellow mortals—the path of exist-
ence is rather a rough one; and it mustn't be
run over in a hurry. Take your time—pick
your way, and keep your eyes open—and you
will arrive at the end of your journey, without
getting sore-footed, and perfectly satisfied with
whatever acids may have been mingled with
the saccharine juices of life. Don't be too ea-
ger to get rich. Take your time for that—and
above all, take your pick out of those lovely can-
didates for matrimony, which adorn the fair do-
minion of maidenhood. The girls are beau-
tiful blossoms that bud and bloom spontane-
ously, as it were, along the lonely walks of celibacy.
Grasp them not too hastily, lest you be
pierced with thorns—and remember, too, that
the fairest and sweetest flowers the soonest
lose their beauty and fragrance. Therefore,
take your time; and look for feminine posies,
from which you may extract the essence of ad-
miration, even when they become withered in
autumn, and their gay corolla of outward at-
traction shall have fallen faded to the earth.—
If you can't do this, kiss where you can and
charge me with the damage.

My young beloved sisters in sin—I know you
all have an itching desire to get married; and
I ain would see you happy in the sacred bands
of Hymen, and hearts garlanded with the never
fading wreaths of love. But just wait your
time, my dears, or your prospects of matrimony
will be as slim as a crop of corn in a cow-pas-
ture. If you flirt with fools—flatter round fops
and follow the gentlemen instead of waiting for
the gentlemen to follow you—you will proba-
bly soon be compelled to take your time; and
perchance, be left to decay, wither, and dry
up in the cold uncongenial atmosphere of neg-
lect.

Act with becoming modesty—sit still upon
the blooming banks of Love's limpid waters, a-
way throw out your enticing lures for us fish to
bite a—don't run up and down the stream in
search of suckers that merely smell at the bait,
and never hitch on, but keep quiet, wait with
patience, and you may at least get a catfish for
your pains. But you, ye frail sister of in-
quity—who have no virtue to protect, no char-
acters to lose, nor hopes to be blasted—I sup-
pose you are bound to take your time instead
of taking my advice. Poor unfortunates!—
Go it with a gallop down the dark avenues of
error, that lead straight to perdition! I have
not the moral power to restrain you; and yet I

I could only get hold of your petticoats as you
approach the precipice, I'd hang on till I heard
something snap besides a corset string.

My hearers—whatever you do let it be done
with an honesty of purpose; a willingness of
disposition—a cheerfulness of heart—and al-
ways to the tune of "Take your time, Miss Lu-
cy." So mote it be.

DOW, Jr.

MARSHAL NEY.—The following is copied
from Allison's description of the passage of the
bridge of Kowno, on the Niemen, by the re-
nant of the French army, in their retreat from
the Russian territory in 1812.

The heroic Ney still covered the rear when
the troops were defiling over the bridge. Four
times the rear guard melted away under his
command, and as often his example and activi-
ty had reformed a band for the protection of the
army. He arrived at Kowno destitute of
troops; a few hundred of the Old Guard alone
retained the use of their arms, and they were
already defiling over the river. Instantly col-
lecting seven hundred fresh troops, whom he
found in the town, and planting twenty-four pic-
ces of cannon remaining there on the redoubts,
he made good the post during the whole day
against the efforts of the enemy. On the fol-
lowing day he still continued the defense, but
finding that his troops deserted him, he seized
a musket, and, with difficulty, rallied thirty men
to defend the gate of Wilna. At length when
the passage of the troops who could be persua-
ded to move was completed, he slowly retired
through the streets and across the river, still
facing the enemy, and was the last of the grand
army who left the Russian territory.

The first place on the German side of the
Niemen where any of the persons who had
gone could rest, was Gembinnen; and General
Mathieu Dumas, who had with great difficulty
reached that place, in consequence of a malady
under which he had labored ever since leaving
Moscow, had just entered the house of a
French physician where he had lodged when
passing there before on his entrance into Rus-
sia, when a man entered, wrapped up in a large
cloak, with a long beard, his visage blackened
with gunpowder, his whiskers half burned by
fire, but his eyes still sparkling with undecayed
lustre. "At last here I am. What! General
Dumas, do you not know me?" "No,
Who are you?"

"I am the rear-guard of the Grand Army—
Marshal Ney. I have fired the last musket-
shot on the bridge of Kowno! I have thrown
into the Niemen the last of our arms; and I
have walked hither, as you see me, across the
forest." With respectful solicitude, General
Dumas received the hero of the retreat; the
benevolent host relieved his immediate neces-
sities, and he soon after set out with Dumas, in
the calash of the latter, on the road for Kon-
igsberg.

A certain French philosopher sat at his study
dusily engaged with unfathomable problems.—
A servant ran up to him and shrieked "the
house is on fire sir." "Go and tell my wife,
you fool," said he, settling back on his prob-
lems, "do I ever meddle with household af-
fairs?"

OXFORD DEMOCRAT.

PARIS, DECEMBER 5, 1842.

"The great popular party is already rallied almost en masse around the banner which is leading the party to its final triumph. The few that still lag will soon be rallied under its ample folds. On that banner is inscribed: FREE TRADE; LOW DUTIES; NO BARRIERS; SEPARATION FROM BARRIERS; ECONOMY; PEACE; AND STRICT ADHERENCE TO THE CONSTITUTION. Victory in such a cause will be great and glorious; and if its principles be faithfully and firmly adhered to, after it is achieved, much will be reduced to the honor of those by whom it will have been won; and long will it perpetuate the liberty and prosperity of the country."—*Calhoun.*

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

JOHN C. CALHOUN,

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

TEXAS.

The news papers on both sides are discussing the expediency of annexing Texas to the United States. Most of them only mention the measure to condemn it. Rumor says the President will recommend the annexation at the opening of Congress. This may be true and it may not. If true and he should recommend it, his reasons will accompany the recommendation; and they will be such as are not now in the possession of the public. We doubt whether any reasons which may be offered by the President in favor of the measure will be such as to justify it. We suspend our decision of the question, however, till we are in possession of the facts.

TEMPERANCE TEA PARTY.—Portland. This was a Temperance festival at the Exchange. The Exchange Hall was filled to overflowing. The Party was composed of young and old. Refreshments were in readiness and some complaint was made of the manner in which some of the youngsters partook of them. Their hunger it is said overcame their sense of propriety and decorum. They scrambled and eat as for their lives. We have seen just such a Turkey Stuffing ourselves on a similar occasion. Such things are revolting to spectators and disgraceful to the actors. Gen. Fessenden presided. Speeches were made by several gentlemen. The Society's indebtedness was completely cancelled by the proceeds from the sale of the Tickets.

TOWN COURT BILL.

This bill will come up for discussion at the coming Legislature. Ought a bill like the one passed last winter or a similar one to become the law of the State? This is the question. To the people we would say are you ready for it? Prepare; and send in your petitions accordingly.

It is supposed that Cary is elected in the 7th Cong. District.

FIRE.—A gristmill belonging to Asa Waters, Millbury Mass. was destroyed by fire, on Wednesday week. Loss estimated from \$1500 to \$2000. Insured.

NEW RAIL ROAD.—A movement has been started in Boston to continue the Fitchburg, and Boston Rail Road, through to Brattleboro, Vt. and thence to Montreal U. Canada. The project is thought to be feasible and will be carried into effect forthwith.

SHOP LIFTING.—The Barre Gazette, mentions a melancholy case, of this kind, which occurred in that Village. Mrs. Harriet Smith, a native of the Town, and a wife of Mr. Josiah Smith, one of the best citizens, a member of the Church, and a mother, has been detected in stealing. During the last three years, she had stole at sundry times, various articles of Dry Good, to the amount of \$200 or \$300.

WAIT TILL YOU KNOW. The Whigs, are delighting themselves at Mr. Morse, supposed election. Better keep their glorification, till they know whether he is elected or not.

PLURALITY SYSTEM.—Much is said at the present time, about the expediency of adopting the plurality System as a substitute for the Majority System, as now practiced in the elections of this State. Owing to the distraction, produced by the Charcoal Party so denominated by the Boston Atlas, and the difficulty of effecting elections, it is supposed that the time has come, when the Plurality System should be adopted. This would put a stop to the "no choice," so often occurring at the present time, and save much time, and expense, to the State.

MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.—Victory is on the side of Democracy. Albert O. Brown, is elected Governor by about 3000.

THOMAS W. DORR. We have just been reading a powerfully written and eloquent letter from George Bancroft, Esq. to the Bay State Association, on the occasion of his resigning the office of President of that body. In it he speaks of the Rhode Island difficulties, and raises a question of law concerning the arrest of Gov. Dorr, of considerable importance. We give an extract, and merely add that some of the best lawyers in New England coincide in opinion with Mr. Bancroft. The point will probably be tested at the trial of Dorr.

"Should Governor Dorr ever be arrested by the present assumed government of Rhode Island and indicted for treason, it is clear that he cannot be tried or convicted; because treason is a crime against a government. If Gov. Dorr committed any treason, it was against the character of government which precedes the Suffrage, or People's Constitution. That charter government is now confessedly abolished; another system, another constitution, has taken its place. A government can only punish treason against itself. One government cannot punish another for treason against another government. If, therefore, the present reigning usurpation, popularity called the government of the 'armed minority,' should in the madness of their folly and guilt, arrest Gov. Dorr, I see no objection to raising the question on a writ of *habeas corpus*, if there be such a thing as a writ of *habeas corpus*, under the government sustained by that gang of dissipated, riotous profane and blasphemous fellows, who have fortified themselves in several arsenals in Rhode Island, and in their nightly orgies and drunken frolics celebrated the funeral ceremonies of Liberty!"

Is MORSE ELECTED?—The Bath Enquirer thinks not. The votes as far as heard from stand:—Andrews 2767—Morse 3535—Scattering 731. There is one plantation yet to be heard from which gave 37 votes against Mr. Morse in Sept. If the plantation comes in the same as before, Morse is elected by just the necessary number. These results however are, many of them, unofficial and the counting may yet a different aspect on the matter. We hope so.

SECRETARY HENSHAW.—Will the Globe read the following direct and palpable hit from the N. York Plebeian:—
We won't rejoice if Mr. Henshaw coincide with us in the policy or re-nominating Mr. Van Buren. For the man, he entertains as high a respect as we do; but there is a difference, so we are informed, as to the expediency, of his re-nominating. Whether this be so or not, we state now, as we have before stated, that we question if, since the organization of the Navy Department, he has had so efficient an officer, or a more sincere Democrat at its head, than the present Secretary of the Navy. This we say understandingly, and with the full knowledge that some of our cotemporaries may take us to task for the admission, to which we have no kind of objection.

The Washington Globe announces the arrival of Hon. HANSHAW HAMLIN, M. C. from this State.

A GOOD ONE.—A fellow in New Hampshire, after having been drawn into the meshes of love with one fair one named Nabby, afterwards 'love shine' to another. Thinking to cast off the 'fame,' he indited a new epistle, of which the following is a copy: "Dear Nabby, these are to inform you as I am fast coming to my latter end with the yellow jaundies: from your dying Esek. P. S. I open this to let you know as I am departed this life about two hours ago, in great agony—Your gone Esek."

PATHEISM.

A correspondent of the Providence Chronicle says that La Roy Sunderland, editor of the Magnet, is lecturing in that city to crowded audiences upon Pathetism, a term which he has adopted to represent the phenomena which have been known under the terms "mesmerism and neurology."

The writer notices one lecture upon dream, in Insanity, Clairvoyance, and Second Sight or Ghostseeing, during which Mr. Sunderland performed several really wonderful experiments. He gave what seemed to be a most clear and satisfactory account of some of the laws by which these states are induced, and then proceeded to bring on those singular phenomena, in such of the audience as might prove to be susceptible. But, it should be understood, that he made no particular selections of persons for this purpose. He brought his process to bear upon the entire assembly; and, notwithstanding the excitement and confusion which proceeded in the vast crowd, it was soon found, that some eight or ten persons were in a state of real somnambulism, and four of them, we were assured, were new subjects, having never been put to sleep before.

The lecturer used no manifestation, and said nothing in particular to either of the patients; and yet, we notice, that two or three of them left their seats and made their way up to the platform where he was standing!—On their being seated, he put them into a state of trance, which Mr. Sunderland believed to be as real as any that ever occurred. One of the somnambulists, described the angels, and departed spirits, which she saw, and the tone in which she sang and spoke, affected many of the audience, even to tears. Her appearance was truly angelic, what the cause may have been we pretend not to say.

Next, Mr. Sunderland restored one of the patients to wakefulness, and induced that state of mental hallucination called second sight. And sure enough, the lady with her eyes wide open, arose and stretched her hand towards what she took to be the spirit of her deceased father; and with whom she conversed in a style not easily described! And what was still more remarkable, it possible, at this instant, another lady, who sat near, and one who had not been put to sleep at all, gave a piercing shriek, declaring that she also saw the ghost of her deceased sister, and it was some moments before the lecturer was able to compose and quiet her mind.

Mr. Sunderland, we believe, is a clergyman of the Methodist denomination, and has devoted much of his time for several years past to the investigation of the subject of Magnetism. He differs from other magnetisers in regard to the passing of magnetic fluid from the operator into the patient; and the Chronicle writer says, the manner in which he presents his subject is more acceptable than that adopted heretofore. [Bath and Gazette.]

PUNISHMENT OF DEATH.

Esquimaux Philosophy. Among the Esquimaux, the crime of murder rarely occurs. When it does, the murderers punishment consists in being banished to perpetual solitude, or being shunned by every individual of his tribe, inasmuch that even the sight of him is avoided by all who may inadvertently meet him.

On being asked why his life is not taken in return, it was replied, "this would be to make ourselves equally bad—that the loss of his life would not restore the other—and that he who should commit such an act would be equally guilty."

THE DUTY OF CALHOUN MEN.

1.—To urge fairly and openly the importance of giving JOHN C. CALHOUN the nomination of the National Convention.

2.—To show, by evidence, that he is the only man who will certainly, and without doubt, secure the success of the democratic party.

3.—To make no warfare upon other good democrats for the purpose of elevating their own candidate.

4.—To engage in no factions that will tend to divide and distract the democracy.

5.—To adhere closely to regular nominations, as on these depend our ultimate triumph.

6.—To go into the National Convention with the full determination to sustain the regularly nominated candidate, there selected, whatever he may be.

P. S. The same rules are applicable to the friends of Mr. Van Buren. —Port. Amer.

BORDER TROUBLES.—The Platte Eagle reports that the Sioux have recently been committing depredations in Holt county, and that further difficulties are apprehended with them, and also with the Otoes.

QUALIFICATIONS OF A SCHOOL TEACHER. The annexed character of a good Schoolmaster is taken from an English journal:

"A good schoolmaster ought to be a man who knows much more than he is required to teach; that he may teach with intelligence and taste; who is to live in a humble sphere, and yet to have a noble and elevated mind, that he may preserve that dignity of sentiment and of deportment without which he will never obtain the respect of families; who possesses a rare mixture of gentleness and firmness; for, inferior though he may be in station to many individuals in the parish, he ought to be the obsequious servant of none; a man not ignorant of his rights, but thinking more of his duties; showing to all a good example, and serving to all as a counsellor; not given to changing his condition, but satisfied with his situation, because it gives him power to do good; and who has made up his mind to live and die in the service of primary instruction, which to him is the service of God and his fellow creatures. To rear masters approaching to such a model is a difficult task; and yet we must succeed in it, or else we have done nothing for elementary instruction."

ROBERT.—Mr. Joseph Sanborn, of this place was robbed of \$150, Monday eve, last while riding through a piece of woods in Ossipee, this State. The money was all in silver dollars excepting five or six francs, and was deposited in a trunk in his carriage. The robbers, three in number, deliberately seized the trunk without offering any harm to Mr. S. until he attempted to rescue it from them—when two of them held him fast while the other got the money;—showing plainly they knew the money was in the trunk. A suitable reward is offered for their apprehension. —Northern Light.

"ROAST BEER." While administering the Pledge in London, Father Matthew caught hold of a ragged looking Irishman, and exclaimed, "Now my fine fellow, if you keep the Pledge, you will get a new coat, and plenty of beef, pork and mutton, as long as you live."

BREATHING.—In speaking of Gov. Dorr's imprisonment, the Providence Chronicle, says: "We hear that he is confined in a cell of our State Prison, and hence is in a poor way of breathing."

There has been a large meeting of the democracy of Meenbury at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That our first choice for the Vice Presidency of the United States, is the Hon. Levi Woodbury, of New Hampshire, the unwavering Democrat, the profound Statesman, and upright patriot. "CALHOUN AND WOODBURY" is the ticket of our choice;—yet we pledge ourselves to abide the decision of a fairly constituted Democratic Convention.

At a social party of printers and bookbinders at Concord N. H., a short time since, the following toast was drunk:

The late Samuel Woodworth.—His muse is hushed and his "bucket" empty. Poor in purse, yet rich in intellect, his star shone with none the less brilliancy became its firmament was an orb. His "Old Oaken Bucket" still hangs in the web of memory, and the gifted author will forever draw from its depths upon the gratitude and affections of posterity.

REN, VENT. "As goes New York so goes the Union," said the New Orleans Bee, of the 7th inst. The Bee is "wing."

A hen pecked husband in New York, who has a scolding wife, with a double-edged sword of a tongue, says he intends to prosecute her for carrying concealed weapons.

PRESIDENT BOYET. Ex-President Boyet was still in Paris at the last accounts. His wife, it is stated, died on the passage to France. Marked and attracting attentions have been paid him by the French minister, and a letter says: "All of them have called on him in person, and one of the objects of the mission now fitting out to Haiti, is to endeavor to procure him a pension. As he is almost jet black, this seems rather strange to an American, but color makes no difference here. The first French dramatist, Alex-

ander Dumas, is full blooded mulatto, yet he is received at Court, and wears some half dozen decorations;—and at the law and medical lectures the shades are as varied, as at a meeting at the Marlborough Chapel, much to the dissatisfaction of the student from our Southern States."

OGLE'S SPEECH

Our worthy neighbor of the Advertiser yesterday had the following:

"There has just been got up an absurd story that the late Mr. Ogle, in his last sickness, disavowed the celebrated Anti-Yan Buren speech which attracted so much attention in 1840, and said that it was chiefly put together by a Whig Committee, against his remembrance."

We think we should have to go far to find the sensible man who believes this fabrication, but it may be well to note the authentic refutation of it by the National Intelligencer.

The Advertiser then copies the "authentic refutation." The Intelligencer says "The report of it [the Speech] was the work of M. Ogle himself." That might be, for the Washington Globe has proved that there were two speeches issued—one honest, the other fraudulent. The former may be the only one of which the Intelligencer was cognizant. Mr. Lincoln, himself, in his reply, declared that the published speech was not the one delivered. There is much other evidence to the same point. The Pennsylvania paper that gave the account of Ogle's death bed declaration is published among the friends of the deceased, who must have known his views and feelings. Why does no contradiction appear from them? If the statement be false, their regard for his honor should enforce a prompt and emphatic denial. Their very silence settles the question.

But while we are on the subject of that speech we would like our cotemporary's opinion of its facts. Now, while the heat and passion of those stormy times have subsided into calm, is a good opportunity to throw off his share of the responsibility of sustaining that *Omnibus of lies*. Come out like a man and let us know your honest opinion. —Portland American.

It is said that King George the Third, at the close of the American Revolutionary War, ordered a thanksgiving to be kept throughout his United Kingdom. A noted Scotch divine, in the presence of his Majesty, inquired:

"For what are we to give thanks? That your Majesty has lost thirteen of your best provinces?"

The King answered, "No."

"Is it then," the divine added, "that your Majesty has lost one hundred thousand lives of your subjects in the contest?"

"No, no!" said the King.

"Is it then," that we have expended and lost a hundred millions of money, and for the defeat and tarnishing of your Majesty's arms?"

"No such thing," said the King pleasantly.

"What, then, is the object of the thanksgiving?"

"Oh! give thanks that it is no worse!"

DESPERATE FIGHT WITH AN OWL.—The Boston Post of last week tells the following Owl Story:—

Late on Saturday night, as Mr. John White, musician, approached his door in Bridge street, his attention was arrested by the glaring eye-balls of an uncouth looking animal, crouching on his cellar window. The object had such a "q. resonant shape," that he was induced to poke it with the end of his hickory cane. This indignity it instantly resented by flying directly at him, its fierce and burning eyes giving it the appearance of a winged demon.

With a well directed blow he crippled one of its wings, but it still continued the attack, and, listening its talons on the stout stick, actually wrested it out of Mr. White's hand. It held on while he raised it with the stick, and the gave it the *coup-de-main* by beating it still attached to the stick, against the stone step. Upon examination it proved to be a tremendous cat owl and measured 4 feet 9 1/2 inches from tip to tip of the wings. It is to be stuffed by an accomplished taxidermist, and placed in the private museum of a gentleman who has long been engaged in collecting curiosities.

Where the bird came from is not known, but a few minutes before the encounter, Mr. Alexander Gifford, provision dealer, who was carrying a large turkey home in the neighborhood, was repeatedly startled by the rustling of wings over his head, but upon looking up he could discern nothing, and the strange rustling ceased when he came under a lamp. It probably then sought obscurity in the cellar window, awaiting another episode in the tempting turkey which the blazing lamp had scared it from.

JUDGE STONE, in a late charge to a grand jury in Rhode Island, said:—

"Carry with you, in your hearts, gentlemen, to the grave, the principle that next to the duty which you owe to God, there is none higher, and more sacred than that which you owe to your country."

A Yankee, describing the prevalence of duelling, summed up with, "I've even fight with daggers in a room pitch dark." "Is it possible?" was the reply. "Possible, sir?" returned the Yankee "why I have seen them!"

Mr. Adams said in his speech to the Cincinnati bar, that so far as personal happiness is concerned, had he his life to live over again he should prefer remaining at the bar to following the life he has.

"We are engaged in the most noble experiment that ever was made by man or nation, the endeavoring to obtain the restoration of political franchises and rights of which we have been unjustly despoiled, and the achieving of that restoration by means purely and entirely peaceable and legal." O'Connell.

"this is my great experiment. I have desired, and I am endeavoring to prove to the world, that the moral combination of the people is the most potent means of procuring the amelioration of the institutions of any country."

"I wish that the first sentence which I have to utter in this Conciliation Hall, formed now as it is into an assembly, shall be this truth, that there is but one way to obtain the Repeal of the Union, and that is by strictly peaceable means (Cheers.) My second sentence, and the only one I shall utter before I hand in money, is that Repeal is certain." (Deafening applause.)

GENERAL NEWS.

FREE TRADE IN ENGLAND.—One of the most striking domestic events of late years is the result of the city of London election. It has astonished both parties. The commercial metropolis of the world has unequivocally declared its adherence to those principles of free trade which have been recently promulgated with such energy by Messrs. Cobden, Bright, and others. As it reflects the minister's strength in the House of Commons, the election itself is a *bazilliole*. Not so its moral influence upon the country.

The Queen has paid a visit to Cambridge, where she has been received by the learned gownsman with every demonstration of loyalty. The University conferred upon her consort the honorary distinction of Doctor in Civil Law.—On!

A public meeting was lately held at Birmingham, to sympathize with the Irish repealers. A requisition, with nearly a thousand signatures, had been presented to the mayor, asking him to call a public meeting, but he refused. The requisitionists themselves convened a meeting on a piece of ground attached to the People's Hall, in Shadwell street. Mr. Sturge and several towns-councillors and reformers were present, and Alderman Weston took the chair. The meeting adopted a memorial to the queen, demanding and insisting, "in the act of settlement," on the right of petition; expressing deep indignation at seeing that right invaded in the proclamation against the Chartist meeting; declaring that from all the circumstances, the conduct of the viceregal government receives a hue of the deepest criminality; avowing unfeigned satisfaction at the patient and peaceable conduct of the Irish people; and praying the queen to dismiss from her councils, those ministers by whose rash proceedings not only have the lives of thousands been put in jeopardy, and sacred right invaded, but the prerogative of the crown and the liberties of the whole British people have been endangered."

A sailor once caught a crow and split his tongue—by that means the bird could articulate some few words so as to be understood. One Sunday the crow escaped from his confinement, and the window of a neighboring church being open made his ingress among the saints there assembled and introduced himself to the minister, by flying about his reverend head, and letting off his hacknied phrase—"D—n ye! d—n ye!" The parson, being of the Cotton Mather stamp, was rather terrified with his visitor, thinking, doubtless, that Old Nick had come to pay him a visit, as in the days of Job. Accordingly the sermon was left in the middle of "firstly," and the good man evacuated the premises, with the afflicted congregation at his heels. One old lady in the corner pew was the only one that stayed "put." The crow hovered about her with his "d—n ye!"—but she was not brought up in the woods to be scared by a crow; she "screwed up courage to the sticking point," and, shaking her fist at the intruder, exclaimed, "You needn't d—n me, for I don't belong to this parish."

When the devil reached over his shoulders, and took to his heels in mischief and went one corner off, he was much afflicted.

A good story. A capital story is told of Judge Tappan, one of our Senators in Congress, who is unfortunately cross-eyed. A number of years ago he was judge of a newly organized county court in the eastern part of this State. In those days of primitive simplicity, or perhaps poverty, the bar-room of a tavern was used as a Court room, and the *stable as a jail*. One day, during the sessions of the court, the Judge had occasion to severely reprimand two of the lawyers who were wrangling. An odd looking old customer, who sat in one corner listening apparently with great satisfaction to the reproof, and presuming on old acquaintance and the Judge's well known good humor, sang out, "Give it to 'em gimlet eyes!" "Who was that?" inquired the Judge. "It was this 'ere old huss," answered the chap rising himself up. "Sheriff," observed the Judge with great gravity, "take that old huss and put him in the stable." —*Cleveland Her.*

A Hospitable Invitation.—The celebrated Dr. Tyme—celebrated almost as much for his love of good living as for his professional skill—called one day upon a certain eccentric nobleman, whom he found sitting alone at a very nice dinner. After some time, the Doctor, receiving no invitation to partake of it, said, "My dear Lord, if I were in your Lordship's place, I should say, 'Pray, Doctor, do as I am doing.' A thousand pardons for the omission," cried his Lordship "pray, then, my dear Doctor, do as I am doing—go home and eat your own dinner."

The President of the United States has returned to Washington.

Another son killed one of his shire breeches, which was old, and sixty will beat a spare-rib, and a Scotchman.

A Juno forensics the late of the pre interrupted of a donkey. What's the sons robe, merely the

A count preaching one of his house, where strict were far he had that when selves, the

MILL of Om organized Buckfield cumber net take such regard to wear a bad

ADD B within A on Saturday afternoon, at county, land situated 9, in the 5th one New No 4, Terms made

Waterford, BL The subse hilly (near the) is prepar the nearest

AXES, PITCH CHAIN and all kinds notice Horse Shoe Or Shoeing W. All of Paris Hill,

ADM B let me public B returned, Monday the 5th A. M. so much will produce it. Said real estate decreased, of a land adjoining land an under will be explain the above land. Allen, a Saw in Oxford, and the privilege of Jews in the B. The sale will and the widow reversion of Hebron, Nov

WILL be Anth Oxford, on Sat next, at one o'clock, which J said county, no undivided half Seventh Long Waterford the way of marriage Richardson to note to said 1839—Also No. 14, 8th R county, called mortgaged Dec Richardson to to said Joseph the said Joseph gage deed will given thereto.

Summer, Nov COMM THE underg claim against of Porter, give notice, at the house of December P. M.

November, 20 Adm DEED

Administrators' & Guardians'
DEEDS for Sale at this Office.

persons interested, in causing a copy of this order to be
 issued three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat,
 printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to
 be held at Paris, in said county, on the first Tuesday of Jan-
 uary next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause
 why they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEO. F. EMERY, Register.
 Copy-Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

NOTICE.
THIS certifies that I have given my son, William Nelson, his time and declare him free to act and trade himself; as I shall neither claim any of his earnings nor any debts of which he may contract after this date.
STEPHEN HOPKINSON.
Witness my hand and seal at New Bedford, Massachusetts, the 20th day of October, 1843.

Unless said taxes and all necessary intervening charges paid to me, the subscriber, on or before Saturday, the seventeenth day of February, 1844, at three o'clock in the afternoon, so much of each lot and parts of lots J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, as at public Vendue to the highest bidder at J. Hunt's in said Albany.

WILLIAM ESTES, Collector for 1841.

Albany, Sat. Ev. 1842.

Wankar, Peter; Buck & Co., P. Lindholm, Buck
Wm. B. Bray, S. H. Holt, N. T. Turner, J. M. Ireland,
J. J. Bucklin, Wankar & Co., Brewster & Washburne, Le-
wison, J. H. Wardwell, J. Graham, Farnolds & Co., S. C. Lee,
Holtz, J. M. Dalloh, Messers L. S. Thompson, J. G. Jones,
C. E. Gault, Murray & Co., Packard, Sullivan,
Lowe, Sumner. July 11, 1893.
79349

BLANKS



FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, WHOOPING COUGH, and all Pulmonary Affections and Diseases of the Lungs, this is believed to be the most efficacious Medicine ever known in America, for proof of which we would refer to those who have used it, and to the numerous certificates of Physicians and others attached to the inside wrapper of each bottle.

Dr. Amory Huntington of Franklin, Mass. writes that after having prescribed the usual remedies without relief, and having consulted with several eminent physicians, he has found the Vegetable Pulmonary Balm to have had the desired effect, and recommended it as a safe, convenient and efficacious remedy.

Dr. Thomas Brown, of Concord, N. H., writes that to his knowledge, it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it.

The public are particularly cautioned against the many Counterfeits or imitations which have partially or wholly assumed the name of the genuine article.

As aforesaid, that it is not genuine unless one or both of the written signatures of SAMUEL REED or WM. JONAS CUTLER are found attached to the yellow label on a blue wrapper. (All labels of and after the date of Dec. 1839, will have the written signature of Wm. Jonas Cutler.) Prepared by REED, WING & CUTLER, (late Low & Reed,) Wholesale Druggists, 54 Clinton Street, Boston; and sold by Druggists, Apothecaries and country merchants generally.

Price 50 cents.

PARIS, THOMAS CROCKER, Agent. epy19

NEW SHINGLE MACHINE.

THE subscribers having purchased the right of PARSON'S IMPROVED SHINGLE MACHINE, for the County of Oxford, and the towns of Brighton, Poland and Milford, in the County of Cumberland, offer to sell the right of using the same in said territory, with the Machine, and as an inducement to the said Machines and the Shingles which they manufacture. It is sufficient to say that these Machines make one third more Shingles of the same quantity of timber, and are made in a compact part of the time.

Norway Sept. 12, 1843.

N. B. Those who have the right of the above Machine in the County of Kennebec, and persons in want of said right, may obtain information upon or sent by applying to us.

W & G

\$10,000 REWARD

Will be paid to any Physician who will produce a better Compound for Family use than the

GENUINE DUTCH OR GERMAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

STYLED

THE LION OF THE DAY.

TO the inhabitants of the United States and the Canadas—The Pills, well called the Lion of the Day, are respectfully recommended to the attention and trial of all those subject to the attacks of *Bilious, Dyspeptic, and other Chronic diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels.* These Pills have long been without a successful rival in Germany and throughout Europe, and many years in various parts of the United States, by the most eminent Physicians, as a Family Medicine.

This Pill is composed of extracts from nine parts of the Vegetable kingdom. They are warranted safe in their operation and effects. They are simple in their preparation, mild in their effects, and unvaried in their results. They have long received the most flattering recommendation from the Medical Faculty, such men as Dr. May and Dr. Guernsey, of N. York; Dr. Delmonico, Dr. Hoes and Dr. Landon, of Dutchess county; and Hon. B. Peck, M. D., of Glen Falls—these men have long stood at the head of their profession.

Against gastric irritation, debilitates the digestive organs and becomes a fruitful source of disease: in some people *Dyspepsia*, in others, *Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Hypochondria, Asthma, Gout, Piles, Epilepsy, Loss of Spirit, Chronic Diarrhea, Pulmonary Consumption, Headache, Eruption of the Skin, Salt Rheum, St. Anthony's Fire, Yellow and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Heartburn, Constipation, Female Weakness, Jaundice, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Humors, and all Bilious complaints.* These different complaints are each, one and about the same, followed by a train of others, equally as detrimental, and perhaps fatal to human life. Like bad legislation, one bad law must be supported by others equally as injurious to the prosperity of the State. A perfectly healthy body is like a well timed instrument, every string of which vibrates in unison, and the least injury to any one throws it into disorder.

These Pills are not intended as a thorough purgative, as some will have it, they are intended to strengthen the system and has run down, and regulate the whole human structure, and remove all obstruction and assist nature in its violated laws.

For sale in almost every town in the United States and the Canadas. Price 25 cents. Directions on each box.

Be sure when you purchase that you get the Lion of the Day, having the written name of Merritt Griffin on each box.

For full particulars, see small circulars deposited with each agent below mentioned.

AGENTS IN OXFORD COUNTY.

South Waterford, A. Houghton.
Lewell, Weeks & Kimball, and J. Walker.
Fryeburg, H. C. Buehler.
Brownfield, N. G. Rice.
Hiram, S. Pike.
Woodstock, J. Bicknell.
North Paris, Houghton & Bibeau.
South Paris, O. B. Pease.
Newbury, W. E. Goodnow.
Oxford, Wm. F. Welch.
Canton Point, J. Henney.
Canton Mills, A. Barrows.
Dixfield, G. L. Eaton.
Mexico, J. N. Duffell.
Salem, A. Rolter.
Salem, K. Knapp, O. Rolter.
East, J. H. Hill.
Jackson, J. C. Howe.
Patterson, J. Jones, Jr.
Salem, J. C. Jones.
And in this place by Hubbard & Marble.
1840

G. C. COLLINS, Travelling Agent.

At a Court of Probate held at Rumford, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 15th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 15th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 15th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

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At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 15th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 15th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.

Foreclosure of Mortgage.

WHEREAS Isaac Bradbury, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1839, then of Brownfield, in the County of Oxford, by his deed of Mortgage of that date, conveyed to Daniel Taylor, Daniel Bean and Abraham White, Selections of Brownfield, or their successors in that office, two certain pieces or parcels of land situated in said Brownfield containing one hundred and twenty-three acres, more or less for a more particular description reference may be had to said deed recorded in Oxford Western District Registry June 2, A. D. 1840, Book 16, page 38 and 39, to secure the payment of ninety dollars on demand with interest, annually. And whereas, the condition of the said Mortgage have been broken, the undersigned hereby claim to have possession of the premises aforesaid, so mortgaged, and to foreclose said mortgage for the breach of covenant thereof.

DANIEL TYLEY, Selection of Brownfield.
DANIEL BEAN, Selection of Brownfield.
DANIEL GOODWIN, Jr., Agents therefor.
Brownfield, Aug. 23, 1843.

At a Court of Probate, held at Fryeburg, within and for the County of Oxford, on the first day of August in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

Theodore Emery, having presented a petition praying that an allowance may be made to Melissa and John Storer, minor children of Jeddiah Storer late of Porter in said County deceased, out of the personal estate of said Jeddiah Storer, next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 31st day of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

John J. Holman, Administrator of the estate of Barnabas Kenney, late of Dixfield, in said County, deceased, having presented his second account of his administration of the estate of said deceased.

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, in said County, on the first Tuesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Fryeburg, within and for the County of Oxford, on the first day of August in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

Lydia Miller, widow of Solomon H. Milliken, late of Denmark in said County, deceased, having presented the return of the Commissioners appointed to assign her dower in the real estate of said deceased—

It was Ordered, That the said Widow give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Fryeburg, in said County, on the 3d Tuesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 3d Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three—

John Kelsey, Adm'r of the estate of William Kelsey late of Livermore in said County, deceased, having presented his account of his administration of the estate of said deceased, and also his private account against said deceased—

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, in said County, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

Notice of Foreclosure.

PARSONS HASKELL, of Albany, in the County of Oxford, on the nineteenth day of May, 1837, mortgaged to us, by deed of that date, three fourths of the northerly part of lot numbered nine in the fifth range in said Albany, held in common and undivided, and is the same that Grant Pierce deeded to Francis Cummings and by said Cummings to said HASKELL, reference being had to said conveyances recorded in Oxford Western District Registry, Deeds, excepting so much as had been sold to Samuel P. and Daniel Haskell. The condition of said mortgage has been broken, by reason whereof we claim a foreclosure.

JACOB DRESSOR.
ALBANY, May 15, 1842. J. JOSEPH LOVEJOY.

At a Court of Probate held at Waterford, within and for the County of Oxford, on the last day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

Stephen Sanderson, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Brickett late of Sweden, in said County, deceased, having presented his last account of his administration of the estate of said deceased—

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Waterford in said County, on the fifteenth day of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

SETH ROBERTS,

late of Peru, in the County of Oxford, deceased, by giving bonds as the law directs—He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's estate, to make immediate payment; and any those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same to

ORVILLE KNIGHT,
Peru, Oct. 17, 1843.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 3d Tuesday of October in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

Merritt Farrar, Administrator of the estate of David Farrar, late of Buckfield, in said County, deceased, having presented the return of the Commissioners appointed to set out the Widow's dower in the real estate of said deceased.

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, in said County, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford, on the 1st Tuesday of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three—

Job Prince, Administrator of the estate of Hezekiah Bryant late of Turner in said County, deceased, having presented his second account of his administration of the estate of said deceased—

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

TIMOTHY LUDDEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TURNER-VILLAGE, ME.

At a Court of Probate held at Fryeburg within and for the County of Oxford, on the first day of August in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

Sally Gibson, widow of Zachariah Gibson, late of Brownfield in said County, deceased, having presented her petition for a further allowance out of the personal estate of said deceased—

It was Ordered, That the said Widow give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Fryeburg, in said County, on the 3d Tuesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 3d Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

On the petition of the Administrator of the Estate of Calvin Buckman, late of Hiram in said County, deceased, praying for License to sell as much of the real estate of said deceased as may be necessary to pay the debts of said deceased and incidental charges—

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Executor of the last Will and Testament of

STEPHEN G. STEVENS,

late of Rumford, in the County of Oxford, deceased, by giving bonds as the law directs—He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's estate, to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same to

HEZEKIAH HUTCHINS, Jr.,
Rumford, Oct. 17, 1843.

Assignee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Decree from the United States District Court for the District of Maine, will be sold

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

at the POST OFFICE in West Bethel, on Wednesday, the sixth day of December next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for Cash—Four acres of land situated in Gilead, one half acre of land in common and undivided with John M. Bean situated in the town of Bethel—a quantity of cedar timber in Bachelor's Grant—one acre part of a Cider house and Press—one Ox yoke, staple and Ring—one Time piece, also some Notes and accounts payable to Seth Wright Esq. and the Assignee is authorized to Compound all debts due the Estate of the said Wright.

LEVI BROWN, Assignee.
Waterford, Nov. 12th, 1843.

Commissioner's Notice.

WE having been appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of the estate of

JOHN MILLS,

late of Gilead, in said County, deceased, give notice that six months from the eighteenth day of September, instant, have been allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims; and that we will attend to the service assigned us at the house of Jeddiah Burbank, in Bethel, on the last Saturday of December, January, and March next, from one to four o'clock P. M. on each of said days.

JEDEDIAH BURBANK
DAVID HOLI.
Sept. 30, 1843.

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of a License from the Probate Court for the County of Oxford, I shall sell at public Vendue on the premises, on Saturday, the ninth day of December next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title and interest of which

JAMES H. ROBBINS,

late of Waterford, deceased, was possessed at the time of his decease, in the homestead farm of the said Robbins, also about five acres of Woodland, being a part of Lot No. 2 in the 4th Range of Lots in said Waterford (being land so described in the Deeds, and the same being a more particular description of the premises, and the terms of sale, made known at the time and place of sale.

LEVI BROWN, Administrator.
Waterford, Oct. 30, 1843.

Commissioner's Notice.

WE having been appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of

ALPHEUS GROVER,

late of Bethel, in said County, deceased, whose estate is represented insolvent, give notice that six months have been allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims; and that we will attend to the service assigned us at the residence of Leonard Grover, in said Bethel, on the third Tuesday in January and third Tuesday in April next, from one to five o'clock P. M. on each day.

SAMUEL BARKER,
LEONARD GROVER.
Bethel, October 26th 1843.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers, appointed by the Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the several creditors of the estate of Harvey Wain, late of Mexico, in said County, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give notice that six months are allowed to the said creditors for bringing in their claims and proving their debts, and that we will attend to the service aforesaid on the fourth Wednesday of February, fourth Wednesday of March, and the fourth Wednesday of April, from one to five o'clock P. M. on each of those days, at the Inn of Samuel Morrill in Dixfield.

SAMUEL MORRILL,
CHARLES T. CHASE.
Dixfield, October 14, 1843.

Commissioner's Notice.

WE, the subscribers, having been appointed by the Hon. Lyman Rawson Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, to receive and examine the claims of the several creditors to the estate of

DANIEL HOR,

late of Waterford, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give notice that six months from the seventeenth day of October, 1843, are allowed to said creditors (to bring in and prove their claims; and that we will attend that service at the house of Daniel Brown, in said Waterford, on the first Monday of February and first Monday of April next, from one to four o'clock in the afternoon on each of said days.

DANIEL BROWN,
SAMUEL PLUMMER.
October 26th, 1843.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 3d Tuesday of October in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

OR the Petition of the Executor of the last Will and Testament of Samuel M. Keep, late of Jay in the County of Franklin deceased, praying for License to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as may be necessary to raise the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars for the payment of debts, legacies and incidental charges—

It was Ordered, That the said Executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Oxford, on the 3d Tuesday of October in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three—

OR the Petition of the Administrator of the Estate of Calvin Buckman, late of Hiram in said County, deceased, praying for License to sell as much of the real estate of said deceased as may be necessary to pay the debts of said deceased and incidental charges—

It was Ordered, That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Paris, on the last Tuesday of November next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

Of the North American College of Health.

NATURAL PRINCIPLES. It is written in the book of nature and common sense, that the natural vegetable productions of every country are, if properly applied, amply sufficient for the cure of every malady incident to that climate.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are composed of plants which grow spontaneously on our own soil, and are therefore better adapted to our constitutions than medicines concocted from foreign drugs, however well they may be compounded; and as they are founded upon the principle that the human body is in truth subject to

ONLY ONE DISEASE,

viz: corrupt humors, or in other words, impurity, and cure every form of this one disease, on natural principles, that is, by cleansing and purifying the body, it must be plain to every reflecting mind that a perseverance in the use of the medicine, according to directions, will be absolutely certain to drive every malarious from the body.

When we wish to restore a swamp or morass to fertility, do we not drain it of its superabundant water? In like manner, if we would restore the body to health, we must cleanse it of its impurity.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS will be found a delightful medicine for carrying out this grand purifying principle, because they expel all morbid and corrupt humors, the cause of disease, in an easy and natural manner, and while they every day.

GIVE EASE AND PLEASURE.

disease of every name is rapidly driven from the body.

Beware of Counterfeits!

The patrons of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are cautioned against being deceived by medicine purporting to be Indian Pills, manufactured by one A. L. NOCITOES, who is travelling about the country, endeavoring by every artifice to palm off his worthless trash for the genuine medicine.

It should be remembered that all genuine medicine has the title expressed in full on the sides of the boxes thus:—

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
(INDIAN PURGATIVE)
Of the North American College of Health.

And that all Travelling Agents are provided with a certificate of agency, signed by William Wright, Vice President of the N. A. Coll. of Health. All travellers, therefore, who sell for Indian Pills for sale, and cannot show a certificate of agency as above described, will be known as wicked impostors.

Purchasers will further remember that the counterfeits in the shape of worthless trash for the genuine medicine, and published under the law, have omitted the name of Wright and substituted some other words in its place, the medicine must have the words

"WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS" on the sides or the boxes; and that all with the above omissions are positively spurious.

And also round the borders of the label will be found in small type "Entered according to an Act of Congress, in the year 1840, by William Wright, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania."

It will further be observed that the printed directions for using the medicine, which accompanies each box, are also enclosed according to Act of Congress; and the same form will be found at the bottom of the first page.

The public will also remember that all who sell the genuine Indian Vegetable Pills, are provided with a certificate of agency, signed by

WILLIAM WRIGHT, Vice President
Of the North American College of Health.

Thus it will be seen, that trifling attention on the part of the purchaser to the above particulars, will put an effectual stop to this wholesale robbery, and drive it, it is hoped, all depredators upon society to an honest calling.

The following highly respectable persons have been appointed agents for the sale of the above invaluable medicine.

AGENTS.
Oxford County.

Andover, Lewis Crockett.
Albany, Jacob H. Lovejoy.
Bethel, Ira C. Kimball.
Dixfield, E. L. Carter & Co.
Brownfield, Daniel Tyler.
Buckfield, E. S. L. Atwood.
Canton Mills, J. M. Deaton.
Canton, Holland & Austin.
Dixfield, Carter & East.
Dixfield, H. J. Dakin.
Fryeburg, H. C. Buehler.
Fryeburg, N. D. W. O'Brien.
Greenebrook, Joseph Stevens.
Hartford, W. Melville Hall.
Hiram, Alpheus Spring.
Livermore, Strickland & Morrison.
Livermore, N. J. Colledge.

Livermore (Haine's Corner) Samuel R. Pease.
Lewell, James Walker.
Mexico, James L. Duffell.
Norway, Wm. E. Goodnow.
Norway, N. Jamieson Smith.
Oxford, Charles Duffell.
Paris, Thomas Crocker.
Paris, N. A. Adams Miller.
Paris, S. O. H. Fogg.
Paris, John Higgins.
Rumford, John J. W. A. Duffell.
Rumford Centre, J. Graham.
Rumford, Fells, A. Foster.
Salem, Jeremiah Howe.
Salem, N. L. & R. Crocker.
Turner, J. Burke & Son.
Turner Centre, Mitchell & Bradford.

Price 25 cents per box with full directions.
50¢ All letters relative to the Pills must be addressed thus—
N. E. Office N. A. College of Health, 138 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.
Principal Office, and General Depot, 169, Laue at, Philadelphia, Pa.
N. B. Purchasers must be particular and ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, and be satisfied that the Pills are the only authentic Agent for this Village.

Astonishing News!

"THE TIME MAY COME WHEN CONSUMPTION WILL BE CLASSED WITH THE CURABLE DISEASES."—Dr. BUCHAN, M. D., 1833.

THE subscriber announces the gratifying intelligence that he has received from England a large supply of

BUCHAN'S HUNGARIAN BALM OF LIFE!

The only Compound known to the Medical Faculty which will cure a SURE and PERMANENT CURE OF THAT DREADFUL MALADY

CONSUMPTION,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.

Such as Cough, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Chest, Irritation and Soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hectic Fever, Night Sweats, Emaciation and General Debility, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, &c.

And the last five years the HUNGARIAN BALM has been in extensive use in Great Britain, and throughout the Continent of Europe, where it has completely routed the Medical Faculty, by its unparalleled success in the cure of

THE MOST HOPELESS CASES

of Consumption ever brought under their notice. In England it has cured thousands upon thousands of all classes—in cases of the most dangerously Consumptive character—and the English papers are full of extravagant eulogiums upon it, and up-rending testimonies. In the Hospitals of Paris all other remedies have been thrown aside by order of the medical officers.

The great merit of Dr. Buchan's Balm is that in all cases of Pulmonary complaints it gives IMMEDIATE RELIEF. A single bottle will reveal its astonishing virtues, and open at once the fountain of health and strength to the afflicted.

TRY IT—TRY IT TO-DAY—to-morrow, if necessary, and a cure of life and death shall never be appealed to.

IT IS THE ONLY MEDICINE KNOWN WHICH CAN CERTAINLY CURE CONSUMPTION.

The subscriber has been appointed by Dr. Buchan Sole Agent for the United States.

Price of the Balm, only \$1 per bottle, with full directions. Dissertation on Consumption, Notices and Certificates of Remarkable Cures, &c.

DAVID F. BRADLEE,
Sole Agent for the United States.

COUNT STREET
OPPOSITE THE HEAD OF BRATTLE STREET.
Merchants and others in want of any of the above, can be supplied as aforesaid.

For sale at the Oxford Bookstore by

WM. E. GOODNOW,
Agent for the County of Oxford,
ee 26, 1842.

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of a License from the Probate Court for the County of Oxford, I shall sell at public Vendue on Monday, the 27th day of November next, at one o'clock P. M. on the premises, so much of the real estate of DAVID FARRAR, late of Buckfield, deceased, as will produce the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, for the purpose of paying the debts of said deceased and incidental charges.

Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

MERRITT FARRAR, Administrator.
Buckfield, Oct. 28, 1843.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford, on the 2d Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

ON the Petition of the Guardian of Leonard, Solomon R. and Moses Town, minor heirs of Samuel Town, late of Albany in said County, deceased, praying for License to sell their interest in the real estate of their late Father, for the purpose of paying out and securing the proceeds thereof to them of interest.

It was Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Waterford on Monday, preceding the third Tuesday of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford, on the 2d Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

ON the Petition of the Guardian of Leonard, Solomon R. and Moses Town, minor heirs of Samuel Town, late of Albany in said County, deceased, praying for License to sell their interest in the real estate of their late Father, for the purpose of paying out and securing the proceeds thereof to them of interest.

It was Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Waterford on Monday, preceding the third Tuesday of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

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It was Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Waterford on Monday, preceding the third Tuesday of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

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GEORGE F. EMERY, Register.
Copy—Attest: GEO. F. EMERY, Register.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris within and for the County of Oxford, on the 2d Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

ON the Petition of the Guardian of Leonard, Solomon R. and Moses Town, minor heirs of Samuel Town, late of Albany in said County, deceased, praying for License to sell their interest in the real estate of their late Father, for the purpose of paying out and securing the proceeds thereof to them of interest.

It was Ordered, That the said Guardian give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Waterford on Monday, preceding the third Tuesday of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

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